February 3, 2010

Sandra Marquez United States Fish and Wildlife Service Carlsbad Field Office 6010 Hidden Valley Road, Suite 101 Carlsbad, CA 92011

Lyann Comrack Nongame Wildlife Program California Department of Fish and Game 1812 Ninth Street Sacramento, CA 95811

Coastal California Gnatcatcher Winter Survey Results: Interstate-5 High Occupancy Subject:

Vehicle (HOV) Lane Extension Project, October 2009–January 2010

Dear Ms. Marquez and Ms. Comrack:

This letter report documents the results of protocol non-breeding season surveys for the coastal California gnatcatcher (*Polioptila californica californica*) conducted by LSA Associates, Inc. (LSA). Surveys were conducted for the proposed Interstate-5 (I-5) High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) Lane Extension project in the Cities of San Clemente, Dana Point, and San Juan Capistrano, Orange County, California (Figures 1–2 in Appendix A). The coastal California gnatcatcher is a federally listed threatened species.

Up to seven pairs of California gnatcatchers were found in coastal sage scrub (CSS) within the I-5 right-of-way during the surveys (Figures 2A and 2B).

STUDY AREA

The Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA), in cooperation with the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans), proposes road improvements and the extension of HOV lanes on I-5 from 0.1 mile (mi) south of the Avenida Pico Undercrossing (UC) (Post Mile [PM] 3.3) to 0.1 mi south of the San Juan Creek Road UC (PM 8.7). The linear project area begins in the north near San Juan Creek at approximately 33°29'39" N, 117°39'36" W and terminates south of East Avenida Pico at approximately 33°25'57" N, 117°36'57" W with a major curve at approximately 33°28'16" N, 117°40'27" W. The project ranges in elevation from approximately 70 to 225 feet (ft) above mean sea level (amsl). Vegetation within and adjacent to the State right-of-way for the project segment of I-5 is dominated by CSS, saltbush (Atriplex sp.) scrub, and ornamental plantings (e.g., hottentot fig [Carpobrotus edulis], Eucalyptus sp., Pinus sp., Schinus sp.).

METHODS

LSA biologists Ingri Quon and Richard Erickson conducted nine protocol non-breeding season surveys from October 5, 2009 to January 25, 2010. During each survey, the biologist walked slowly through the CSS and adjacent habitats, listening for coastal California gnatcatchers. A taped coastal California gnatcatcher recording was played periodically along the survey route.

Mr. Erickson and Ms. Quon's surveys were conducted pursuant to Federal Fish and Wildlife Permit TE-777965-8 (April 8, 2008–April 7, 2012) and a letter permit from the California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG) attached to Scientific Collecting Permit SC-000777 covering conditions for research on listed birds (July 23, 2009–April 12, 2012). On September 22, 2009, per permit requirements, a 10-day notification was faxed to Sandra Marquez (United States Fish and Wildlife Service [USFWS]) and Lyann Comrack (CDFG). The survey schedule and conditions are shown in Table A.

Table A: Survey Schedule and Conditions

Date			
2009-2010	Time	Weather	Surveyor
October 5	0715-1130	Partly cloudy, mild, light air	IQ
October 19	0815-1115	Partly cloudy, mild, light air	IQ
November 2	0900-1100	Clear, mild, light air	IQ
November 13	0745-1130	Overcast, cool, calm	RE
November 27	0800-1130	Clear, mild, calm	IQ
December 15	0745-1130	Overcast, cool, calm	RE
December 30	0900-1200	Overcast, cool, light air	IQ
January 12	0745-1100	Overcast, cool, calm	RE
January 25	0800-1115	Clear, chilly-mild, light air	IQ

Surveyor: RE = Richard Erickson; IQ = Ingri Quon

RESULTS

Most CSS within the I-5 right-of-way is occupied by coastal California gnatcatchers. Up to seven pair of California gnatcatchers were observed during the surveys (Figures 2A and 2B). Many of the pairs were observed during each survey. On November 13, three pairs of gnatcatchers were observed in CSS along the western slope of I-5 near Camino Capistrano and Doheny Park Road. On the same day, a fourth pair was detected across the freeway approximately 350 ft south of the Stonehill Drive on-ramp to I-5 north. On January 25, up to three more pairs were observed in the high quality CSS along the southwest side of I-5 between Camino de Estrella and the Shorecliff Golf Club at Avenida Vaquero.

The brown-headed cowbird (*Molothrus ater*), which is a brood parasite of California gnatcatchers and other passerines, was not detected on any survey. Animal species detected during the surveys are listed in Appendix B.

If you have any questions or comments, please call (949) 553-0666 or email me at ingri.quon@lsa-assoc.com or Mr. Erickson at richard.erickson@lsa-assoc.com.

Sincerely,

LSA ASSOCIATES, INC.

Ingri Quon Senior Biologist

Attachments: Appendix A: Figures 1–2

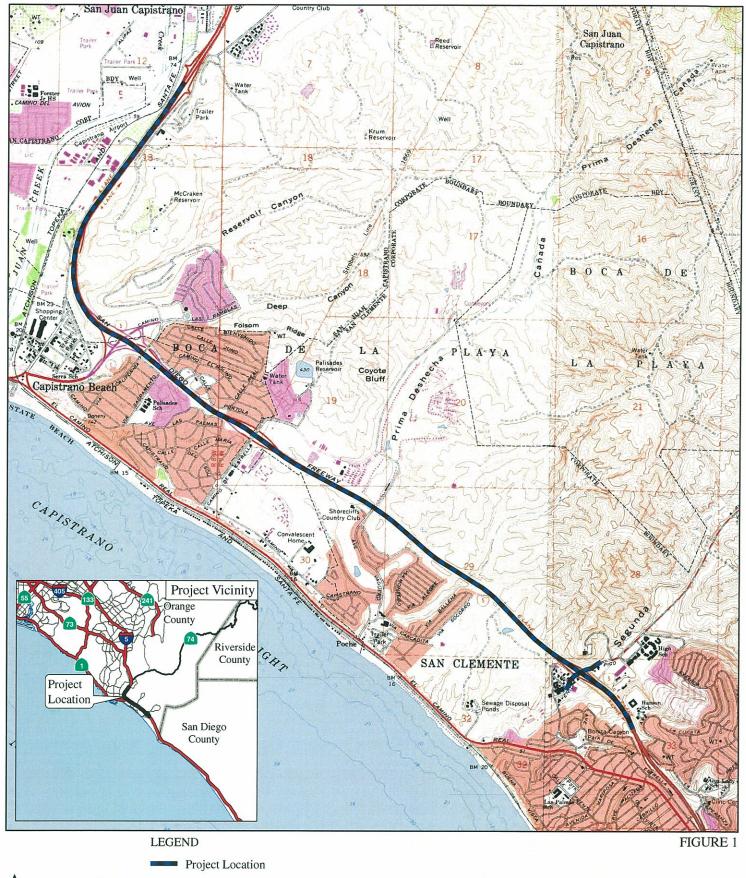
Appendix B: Animal Species Detected

I CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION IN THIS SURVEY REPORT AND ATTACHED EXHIBITS FULLY AND ACCURATELY REPRESENT MY WORK:

SURVEYOR:	PERMIT NUMBER:	DATE:
Richard a. Einstean	TE-777965-8	February 3, 2010
Richard Erickson		
Apri Quon	TE-777965-8	February 3, 2010
Ingri Quon		

LSA ASSOCIATES, INC.
FEBRUARY 2010
APPENDIX A
FIGURES

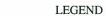
APPENDIX A FIGURES



3000 SOURCE: USGS 7.5' QUAD - Dana Point ('75); San Clemente ('75)

I-5 HOV Lane Extension Project Project Location 12-ORA-005 PM 3.30/8.70 12840-0F960K EA# OF9600





Biological Study Area

Coastal California Gnatcatcher pair and/or adult sighting area



SOURCE: Bing (2008)



I-5 HOV Lane Extension Project Coastal California Gnatcatcher Areas 12-ORA-005 PM 3.30/8.70 12840-0F960K EA# OF9600





Biological Study Area

Coastal California Gnatcatcher pair and/or adult sighting area



SOURCE: Bing (2008) I:\RMN0901\GIS\Cagn_Areas.mxd (2/3/2010)



FIGURE 2B

I-5 HOV Lane Extension Project Coastal California Gnatcatcher Areas 12-ORA-005 PM 3.30/8.70 12840-0F960K EA# OF9600

APPENDIX B ANIMAL SPECIES DETECTED

APPENDIX B ANIMAL SPECIES DETECTED

This is a list of the conspicuous aerial insects (i.e., damselflies, dragonflies, and butterflies), reptiles, birds, and mammals noted in or flying over the study area by LSA Associates, Inc. biologists during surveys conducted from October 2009 through January 2010. Presence may be noted if a species is seen or heard, or identified by the presence of tracks, scat, or other signs.

* Species not native to the study area

ANISOPTERA

Aeshnidae

Rhionaeschna multicolor

Libellulidae

Sympetrum corruptum Pantala flavescens

LEPIDOPTERA

Pieridae

* Pieris rapae Anthocharis sara

Lycaenidae

Brephidium exilie

Nymphalidae

Nymphalis antiopa Vanessa cardui

Hesperiidae

Pyrgus albescens/communis

AMPHIBIA

Hylidae

Pseudacris hypochondriaca

TYPICAL DRAGONFLIES

Darners

Blue-eyed darner

Skimmers

Variegated meadowhawk Wandering glider

BUTTERFLIES

Whites and Sulphurs

Cabbage white Sara orangetip

Gossamer-Wing Butterflies

Western pygmy-blue

Brush-Footed Butterflies

Mourning cloak Painted lady

Skippers

White/common checkered-skipper

AMPHIBIANS

Treefrogs and Relatives

Baja California treefrog

REPTILIA

Phrynosomatidae

Sceloporus occidentalis

AVES

Pelecanidae

Pelecanus occidentalis

Ardeidae

Ardea alba Egretta thula

Cathartidae

Cathartes aura

Accipitridae

Pandion haliaetus Accipiter cooperii Buteo lineatus Buteo jamaicensis

Falconidae

Falco sparverius

Charadriidae

Charadrius vociferus

Laridae

Larus occidentalis Larus californicus Larus argentatus

Columbidae

* Columba livia
 Zenaida macroura

Cuculidae

Geococcyx californianus

Trochilidae

Calypte anna Calypte costae Selasphorus rufus/sasin **REPTILES**

Phrynosomatid Lizards

Western fence lizard

BIRDS

Pelicans

Brown pelican

Herons, Bitterns, and Allies

Great egret Snowy egret

New World Vultures

Turkey vulture

Hawks, Kites, Eagles, and Allies

Osprey

Cooper's hawk

Red-shouldered hawk

Red-tailed hawk

Caracaras and Falcons

American kestrel

Plovers and Lapwings

Killdeer

Gulls, Terns, and Skimmers

Western gull California gull Herring gull

Pigeons and Doves

Rock pigeon Mourning dove

Cuckoos, Roadrunners, and Anis

Greater roadrunner

Hummingbirds

Anna's hummingbird Costa's hummingbird Rufous/Allen's hummingbird **Picidae**

Picoides nuttallii

Tyrannidae

Sayornis nigricans Sayornis saya Tyrannus vociferans

Vireonidae

Vireo huttoni

Corvidae

Aphelocoma californica Corvus brachyrhynchos

Aegithalidae

Psaltriparus minimus

Troglodytidae

Thryomanes bewickii Troglodytes aedon

Regulidae

Regulus calendula

Sylviidae

Polioptila caerulea Polioptila californica californica

Turdidae

Sialia mexicana Catharus guttatus

Timaliidae

Chamaea fasciata

Mimidae

Mimus polyglottos Toxostoma redivivum

Sturnidae

* Sturnus vulgaris

Motacillidae

Anthus rubescens

Woodpeckers and Allies

Nuttall's woodpecker

Tyrant Flycatchers

Black phoebe Say's phoebe Cassin's kingbird

Vireos

Hutton's vireo

Crows and Jays

Western scrub-jay American crow

Long-Tailed Tits and Bushtits

Bushtit

Wrens

Bewick's wren House wren

Kinglets

Ruby-crowned kinglet

Old World Warblers and Gnatcatchers

Blue-gray gnatcatcher Coastal California gnatcatcher

Thrushes

Western bluebird Hermit thrush

Babblers

Wrentit

Mockingbirds and Thrashers

Northern mockingbird California thrasher

Starlings

European starling

Wagtails and Pipits

American pipit

Ptilogonatidae

Phainopepla nitens

Parulidae

Vermivora celata Dendroica coronata Dendroica townsendi Geothlypis trichas

Emberizidae

Pipilo maculatus Pipilo crissalis Melospiza melodia Melospiza lincolnii Zonotrichia leucophrys Zonotrichia atricapilla

Fringillidae

Carpodacus mexicanus Spinus psaltria

Passeridae

Passer domesticus

MAMMALIA

Sciuridae

Spermophilus beecheyi

Geomyidae

Thomomys bottae

Cricetidae

Neotoma lepida

Leporidae

Sylvilagus audubonii

Canidae

Canis latrans

Mephitidae

Mephitis mephitis

Silky-flycatchers

Phainopepla

Wood Warblers

Orange-crowned warbler Yellow-rumped warbler Townsend's warbler Common yellowthroat

Emberizids

Spotted towhee California towhee Song sparrow Lincoln's sparrow White-crowned sparrow Golden-crowned sparrow

Fringilline and Cardueline Finches and

Allies

House finch Lesser goldfinch

Old World Sparrows

House sparrow

MAMMALS

Squirrels, Chipmunks, and Marmots

California ground squirrel

Pocket Gophers

Botta's pocket gopher

Hamsters, Voles, Lemmings, and New **World Rats and Mice**

Desert woodrat

Rabbits and Hares

Audubon's cottontail

Foxes, Wolves, and Allies

Coyote

Skunks

Striped skunk

Procyonidae

Procyon lotor

Raccoons and Allies

Raccoon

Cervidae

Odocoileus hemionus

Deer, Elk, and Allies Mule deer

Taxonomy and nomenclature are based on the following.

Damselflies and dragonflies: Paulson, D. (2009, Dragonflies and Damselflies of the West, Princeton University Press, Princeton, New Jersey).

Butterflies: North American Butterfly Association (2001, NABA checklist and English Names of North American Butterflies, Second Edition, North American Butterfly Association, Morristown, New Jersey; see http://www.naba.org/pubs/checklst.html).

Amphibians and reptiles: Crother, B.I. ed. (2008, Scientific and Standard English Names of Amphibians and Reptiles of North America North of Mexico. *Herpetological Circular* 37) for species taxonomy and nomenclature; Stebbins, R.C. (2003, A Field Guide to Western Reptiles and Amphibians, third edition, Houghton Mifflin, Boston) for sequence and higher order taxonomy.

Birds: American Ornithologists' Union (1998, The A.O.U. Checklist of North American Birds, Seventh Edition, American Ornithologists' Union, Washington D.C.; and supplements; see http://www.aou.org/checklist/north/index.php).

Mammals: Wilson, D.E., and D.M. Reeder, eds. (2005, Mammal Species of the World, 3rd ed., Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore, Maryland; see http://vertebrates.si.edu/mammals/msw/).